## ClearLock 642

## INSTALLATION AND PARTS MANUAL <br> Rev 2

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## Introduction

## 1. General information

Figure 1-1 main dimensions


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Figure 1-2 Low side


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### 1.1. Recommended Tools and Supplies

You must have the following tools on the job site to effectively complete the installation:

- Percussion Hammer ( $\varnothing: 35 \mathrm{~mm}$ )
- Hammer drill ( $\varnothing$ : 15 mm )
- Percussion drill bits ( $3 \mathrm{~mm}, 4 \mathrm{~mm}, 5 \mathrm{~mm}, 6 \mathrm{~mm}, 8 \mathrm{~mm}, 10 \mathrm{~mm}$, by 15 cm long)
- Cordless 10 mm drill with clutch (to drive screws)
- Screwdriver \#2 Phillips bit and \#3 Phillips bit, 15 cm long for drill
- $\quad$ Step ladders (h: 2m)
- Aluminium shims, various thickness and sizes
- Wire stripper tool
- Console cable (provided in accessories box inside BOX , 50 m , see page 10)
- Feeder cable (Supplied by others 8A, 220V)
- Intercom cable (provided in accessories box inside BOX , 50 m , see page 10)
- Tape measure
- Self expanding anchors (provided)
- Tools kit as shown in the picture below, containing:


## Table 1-1 Tools kit

( $\mathrm{I}=$ length; $\mathrm{w}=$ width; $\varnothing=$ diameter )

| Quantity | Description | Sizes ( $\varnothing$, I and w in mm) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | - | Nick - head | $-0 \times 1: 0.6 \times 4-1 \times 6.5-1.2 \times 8$ |
| 3 | - | Phillips - head | $-0: 1-2-3$ |
| 5 | - | Hexagonal - head | $-0: 3-4-5-6-8$ |
| 13 | - | Hexagonal spanners | $-0: 4-4.5-5-5.5-6-7-8-9 \quad 10-11-$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| 2 | - | Extensions | $-12-17$ |
| 1 | - | Pawl |  |
| 1 | - | T Handle |  |
| 1 | - | Hinge |  |
| 1 | - | Handle |  |

Figure 1-3 Tools kit


- Lifting device
- Grinder or round and square files
- Utility knife
- Pliers (length: 200 mm)
- Silicone caulking (provided)
- Silicone gun
- Snips
- Water level
- Shop vacuum cleaner
- Glass cleaner
- Paper towels
- Masking tape or other device for labeling cables and wires
- 2 Suction Cups to move glass


### 1.2. Safety Equipment

Make sure to have the following safety equipment on the job site:

- Hard hat
- Steel toe shoes
- Safety glasses
- Back support
- Gloves


## 2. Installation Procedure

### 2.1. Pre-installation Inspection

To put into practice a good installation creating as less as possible troubles and risks, it is better to check:

- If installation ambient temperature is $-10^{\circ}<{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}<+70^{\circ}$ for all the year.
- If the passage for console and intercom cables was planned before starting booth installation.
- If no high power cables or tubes are present in the nearby of the booth location.

Note: It is available, in case of really cold weather conditions, an automatic heater that installed into the top of the booth grants acceptable conditions for the booth.

Proceed, when it is possible, the laying of cables in connection with booth installation, in any case before installing possible false ceilings or floating floors.
Be sure that the electric plant is appropriate for this installation: 220V, 10A.
Carefully protect all parts in glass and/or painted when working close to the booth
Make sure the floor is level plus or minus 6 mm within 4 m run. If the floor is not level, stop this installation and ask the general contractor to level the floor.
Make sure that the width of the wall opening is at least 10 mm larger than the outside width of the booth.
A 50 m length of console and intercom cable is provided with the booth. Unless specified on the sales order, all other required cabling is not shipped with the booth.
Make sure the minimum clearance above the boothl is 60 cm or larger. This space is necessary to allow for electrical connections and future servicing.
Do not use the booth as a scaffold or as a support for the execution of overhanging works!
Avoid that any acid (also if diluted) used to clean floors or glasses may enter in contact with the base of the booth.

## Do not modify in any way the booth.

Check floor resistance to booth weight.
Use non-shrink cement filling the hole in the floor around the pit form in order to achieve a stable and flat positioning. Avoid using highly liquid mixings that during the drying process contract themselves leaving empty spaces, allowing oscillations.
The anchorage of the embedded template has to be done well in advance of booth installation to enable a correct cement drying.
A good success of this operation is basic to obtain a correct working of the booth.
Avoid the creation of intermittent windings with additional metal works.
Pay attention that screws, used to fix additional metal works to the booth, do not pierce the non-conducting structure.

Metal Detector correct working may be affected also by noises originated outside the room in which the booth has been installed.

It is necessary to notify to installation technicians about this situation to solve possible problems arising from noises near to the booth, e.g.:

- overhead or underground electric lines;
- transformers;
- radio transmitters;
- neon signs working incorrectly or with no-standard reactors;
- high voltage transformers;
- machines that cause high vibrations;
- the transit nearby of trains or underground;
- high frequency machines;
- Lifts;
- Conditioning units, monitors, televisions, cash dispensers.

Moving doors have to be as far away as possible from Metal Detector antennas (at least 100 cm .). When these doors are closed, they have to be perfectly locked and they have not to swing.
In case one door is used as a passage, it has to be slowed down by a piston pump in order to avoid swinging while closing.
Sectioning cuts must be arranged in the door frame.
Pay attention that possible electric locks do not create intermittent windings between the fixed part and the mobile part, in that case use non-conducting mobile parts. (PVC, resin, laminate, etc.)

Avoid positioning of Metal Detector antennas close to metallic false ceilings: they could create intermittent windings.
In case it is not possible to use different kind of materials, pay attention that false ceiling support structure is compact and isolated from other metallic parts.
If it is possible, please use plaster cardboard, plastic material or in any case no-magnetic materials for false ceilings.
In case of floating floors, carefully check that the supporting structures do not cause intermittent windings. Check that there are no electric dissipations on the ground.
Arrange for a dedicated line with 10 A two poles automatic breaker on the main panel.

### 2.2. Installation Procedure

### 2.2.1. Unpacking and Inspecting:

Move the box near to the place of installation with a crane truck, open and unpack all single booth component:

BOX : weight about 1100 Kg .
(main booth components are show in the figure at page 58)

- N¹ BASE (drawing AD 003 \# 1)
- $\quad$ ํ1 TOP OF THE BOOTH WITH MOTORS AND FULL ELECTRONICS (drawing AD003 \# 2)
- $\mathrm{N}^{\circ} 1$ CEILING
- $\quad \mathrm{N}^{\circ} 2$ METAL DETECTOR ANTENNAS (on request) (drawing AD003 \# 11-12)
- N² SLIDING DOORS (drawing AD003 \# 5-6)
- $\quad{ }^{\circ} 1$ ACCESSORIES AND SCREWS BOX
- $\quad \mathrm{N}^{\circ} 4$ JAMBS (drawing AD003 \# 7.1-8.1-9.1-10.1)
- $\quad N^{\circ} 4$ ADDITIONAL STEEL FRAMES FOR JAMBS (drawing AD003 \# 7.2-8.2-9.2-10.2)
- $\quad N^{\circ} 2$ SIDE GLASSES or SIDE FRAMES (on request) (drawing AD003 \# 3-4)
- $N^{\circ} 1$ TOP COVER
- Remove the protective plastic insulating foil
- Remove packaging taking care not to cause damage to glasses or to surface. Clear all parts from the bottom box
- $\quad$ Check that the parts are not damaged (glasses and surface).
- Remove on the top of the booth the dehydrating salt bags inside
- Remove the accessories box that is inside the BOX, lean it on the floor, open it and check that nothing is missing (see the list on the box):
- 1 Console with Handset
- 1 Console cable ( 50 m )
- Fixing screws
- Plastic Shims
- 1 Paint box to cover scratches (on request)
- 1 Silicone tube
- 2 Keys for sliding door manual lock
- 2 Traffic lights / Intercom plates
- 4 Console keys
- Check if the Metal Detectors antennas are not visibly damaged during the shipment


### 2.2.1. Installation

Note : In case the booth is sent as a monoblock (see also Figure 2-1), connect the crane of the truck to the 4 eyebolts on the top of the booth, then position 4 nylon rods on the floor and move the booth on them after having disconnect the crane. When you arrive in the right position, move away the booth from the rods with pry bars, taking care of the entrance/exit reference orientation. Finally go to step 1).

Figure 2-1 How to position the booth on the floor in order to move it in final position


1) Connect the intercom cable (provided) to the handset, the console cable (provided) to VB3406 board, the power supply to the main power.
2) Check if each part of the structure is isolated, using a tester in buzzer position (if metal detector has been installed). If the isolation has been done in a correct way the tester should remain silent. If the tester rings, check if all screws have their non-conducting washer. Turn ON the main power and turn ON the console. After initialization check if everything works (sensors, safety beams photocells, doors speed, traffic lights, metal detector, spot lights, loudspeaker...) and, if something has to be modified, please follow instruction at Section 3 of this manual. Remove adhesive tapes from the spot light slowly.
3) During initialization be sure that no people and no objects are near to the booth because this can interfere with motion detectors automatic setting. At the end put on the top the top cover.

### 2.3. Wiring the system

Figure 2-2 General Components layout

(*) See note at page 23

Figure 2-3 General components LAY OUT on the ceiling


## LOW SIDE

Figure 2-4 Electronic wiring diagrams


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Figure 2-5 VB 4313SW Power supply wiring + Back-up batteries

INPUT POWER CONNECTOR

M2
VB3406


VB 4313 POWER SUPPLY CONNECTOR

M1 M2


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Figure 2-6 NCD2 Console wiring

Cound connector 8P M
onsole connector
Main console


NCD2 address setting with GR308-01 board

See also pag. 27


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Figure 2-7 VB 3406 power supply and serial connectors


See also page 60 and 28

RS 485 SERIAL CONNECTOR

| CN1 | $\square{ }^{1}+24 \mathrm{VDC}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\square$ | 2 | +12VDC |
|  | $\square$ | 3 | - RS 485 |
| vB3406 | $\square$ | 4 | + RS 485 |
|  | $\square$ | 5 | OV |

Figure 2-8 Metal detector wiring (if present)


Figure 2-9 Traffic-light plate wiring


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Figure 2-10 Photocells amplifier general wiring


Figure 2-11 High and low side reset " 0 " sensor


Figure 2-12 Mechanical lock switch low side door


Figure 2-13 High side and low side motor encoder wiring
Low side door E1 encoder connector


Figure 2-14 High side and low side motor and lock piston wiring


## NOTE:

On request both doors (low and high side doors) can be managed in two differents way:
FAIL-LOCK: door is blocked during power cut
FAIL-SAFE: door is unblock for free passage during power cut

## NOTE:

If the booth is managed in "Fail lock" way an emergy button may be supplied to release the locked door. If Emergency button is fitted, see wiring at page 60.
Locked door may be released also manually by a lever acting on locking piston (see picture at page 59)

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Figure 2-15 Loud speaker wiring

CN16 VB3406


Figure 2-16 Connector MM02 wiring (part 1)


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Figure 2-17 Connector MM02 wiring (part 2)

VB 2001 SD presence sensor VB 1290/9 single presence sensor VB 1370 N left object sensor Spot Lights


Figure 2-18 VB 2001 SD presence sensor


TR1 sensitivity setting potentiometer


View from top

- Rotate CLOCKWISE to improve sensitivity
- Rotate ANTI-CLOCKWISE to decrease sensitivity

TR1 sensitivity setting potentiometer with the NEW BOARD


## View from top

- Rotate CLOCKWISE to decrease sensitivity
- Rotate ANTI-CLOCKWISE to improve sensitivity

LD1 alarmed sensor signalling led

JP1,JP2 work frequency setting


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Figure 2-19 VB 1290/9 EVAM single presence board


Transducers wiring (from connectors M1, M2, M3, M4,M5, M6, M7, and M8 to transducers through the supplied cable)


LD1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9
Transducers signal intensity led
Transducers signal setting (for each transducer use relevant potentiometer;
TR1 ex. TR1 = transducer 1)


- Rotate CLOCKWISE to increase the signal.
- Rotate ANTI-CLOCKWISE to decrease the sianal

SW3-2 Alarm phonic (BZ1) signal switch (ON-OFF)
(SW3-2 = ON, alarm phonic is activated in case of alarm situation)
LD12 Alarmed sensor signalling led
TR10 collapsing effect setting potentiometer


- Rotate CLOCKWISE to increase the collapsing effect.
- Rotate ANTI-CLOCKWISE to decrease the collapsing effect.

TR11 sensitivity setting potentiometer

-| Rotate CLOCKWISE to increase |
| :--- |
| the sensitivity. |
| Rotate ANTI-CLOCKWISE to |
| decrease the sensitivity. |

PL1 Sensor RESET push button
LD11 Signalling Led for sensor RESET
J1 Connector to remote bar-graph display
F1 Fuse ( 800 mA )

| LD13 | Blinded sensor signalling led |
| :--- | :--- |
| P13 | Blinding sensitività potentiometer |
| JP2 | General allarm for blinded sensor <br> jumper |

Blinded sensor alarm contact wiring

## Some suggestions for a correct setting of the VB 1290/9 EVAM board ( 9 sensors single-passage-checking-system)

1) Connect the separately provided bar-graph display to the dedicated connector J1
2) Rotate clockwise trimmer TR10 till its end
3) Ask for the collaboration of a possibly corpulent person (target person [TP]) to help you during the settings, and let him cross the booth from low to security side
4) Let the TP enter inside the unit and check that on the bar-graph display 3 bars are ON (high intensity light): if YES, let the TP exit and go to point number 7
5) Let the TP exit and set trimmers TR1 up to TR9* in order to reach on the bar-graph display 3 bars ON (high intensity light): rotate** clockwise if less than 3 bars are ON; rotate** anti-clockwise if more than 3 bars are ON
6) Push the reset button PL1 and go to point number 4
7) Rotate** anti-clockwise TR10 and push the reset button PL1
8) Let the TP enter inside the unit and check that on the bar-graph display 1 bar is ON (high intensity light): if YES, let the TP exit and go to point number 11
9) Let the TP exit and set trimmer TR10 in order to reach on the bar-graph display 1 bar ON (high intensity light): rotate** clockwise if less than 1 bar is ON; rotate** anti-clockwise if more than 1 bar is ON
10) Push the reset button PL1 and go to point number 8
11) With the booth now empty, set trimmer TR11 (Alarm threshold setting indication) so that on the bar-graph display device 3 bars are ON (low intensity light)
12) Disconnect the bar-graph display

ATTENTION: all above mentioned checks and settings must be performed with doors (both sides) closed, either with the TP in or out.

* Note: all the trimmers TR1 up to TR9 are set approximately at the same value (in the same angular position).
** Note: the rotation has to be very short.

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Figure 2-20 ECO12-N1 (additional) single presence control board


Transducers wiring (from connectors J1 .. J12 to transducers through the supplied cable)


In order to set the additional single presence control board ECO 12-N1 please follows the following procedure:

1) If the system has to work in parallel with VB1290/9 single presence board (like in this case) please check that jumper JP2 is open, connect PIN SIN (4) on the M1 connector to VB1290/9 (as described in the wiring diagrams see Figure 2-17 at page 21), Led L15 will start blinking.
2) Rotate trimmer P1 fully anticlockwise direction
3) Connect the black connector into TP3 and the red connector into TP2 of a millimeter tester
4) Slowly rotate SW1 in both directions and stop rotating when you will see on the tester the maximum voltage rating reached
5) This setting will also correspond to the maximum intensity of the Led L1 up to Led L12
6) The system is now ready to work

NOTE: The board has 4 different programs according to the distance between the ceiling and the floor. Check that dip-switch SW2 has both 1 and 2 in ON (height 2300mm)

Figure 2-21 VB 1370 N left object board (if fitted)
Lay-out board


TR1 Sensitivity setting potentiometer


- Rotate CLOCKWISE to increase sensitivity
- Rotate ANTI-CLOCKWISE to decrease sensitivity

LD1 Alarmed sensor signalling led
LD2 Sensor reset signalling led
JP1 Clocking selection

Figure 2-22 LAY OUT - GR308-01 board
GR308-01

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Figure 2-23 Intercoms wiring


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Figure 2-24 "IRA-4BIP" Safety beams wirings


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Figure 2－25 VB3406 Main Board layout


Table 2-1 VB3406 components legend
(See also page 30)
JP1 output selection+12/24VDC 3-CN14
JP2 output selection +12/24VDC 3-CN15


JP3 RS 485 serial line end jumper
JP5 Service jumper - DO NOT touch (closed)
JP6 Service jumper - DO NOT touch (closed)
JP7 Vocal messages Write protect jumper - close=write protect
JP12 Service jumper - DO NOT touch (pos. 1-2 closed)
LD5 Relay RL1 state led
LD7 Low side door data movement recording led
LD9 RS-232 communication led
LD10 RS-485 communication led
LD15 Relay RL2 state led
LD20 High side door data movement recording led
LD21 Relay RL4 state led
LD22 Relay RL5 state led
LD26 Relay RL6 state led
LD27 Relay RL7 state led
LD34 Power ON led
LD40 Relay RL8 state led
TR1 Messages volume setting
SW1 Main microprocessor RESET button
SW2 Available button
F 1 Fuse 2A quick burning (+12VDC power in)
F 2 Fuse 10A quick burning (+24VDC power in)
F 3 Fuse 10A quick burning (low side door motor - CN15)
F 4 Fuse 10A quick burning (high side door motor - CN14)
F 5 Fuse 500 mA quick burning (M4 connector power out $+12 / 24 \mathrm{VDC}$ )
J1 RS-232 connector
J2 IN-CIRCUIT main CPU programming connector
J3 Connettore di servizio - factory test
J4 IN-CIRCUIT low door motor CPU programming connector
J5 IN-CIRCUIT high door motor CPU programming connector
CNAUX Connector for additional I/O VB 403 board
CNMA-CNMB Connectors for VB 3406 B motor board - CN15 connector
CNMC-CNMD Connectors for VB 3406 B motor board - CN14 connector

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Figure 2-26 LAY OUT - Intercom and traffic lights plates


Figure 2-27 LAY OUT - VB403A I/O board (if fitted)

Connected to the main control board (VB3406) through a flat cable (using CNA1 connector).

For connection details (if fitted) see the addendum supplied with this manual separately

## LAYOUT componenti scheda VB 403 A



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## 3. Preventive Maintenance and Adjustments

### 3.1. Intent of this Section

This section covers the recommended procedures to reduce service calls and prolong the life and appearance of the booth.

### 3.2. Main Checks

After having installed the booth to be sure that everything is working correctly, some checks have to be done. These checks should be done at least twice a year:

1) Check that the two motors are correctly fixed and tighten

Figure 3-1 Motors check
Check that the four screws [1] are tighten to avoid wrong motors movements

2) Check that sliding doors end pistons are correctly fixed.
3) Adjust end piston fixing bolt until the end pistons are activated when the sliding doors are correctly close

## 3．3．Basic Maintenance

Clean once a week with a soft cloth all photocells because if they are dirty they may cause a wrong doors working（sliding doors may stop with no reason，because dust on the photocells seem to be an object between the sliding door and the booth）．Figure 3－2．
In case a wrong doors working still remain，probably the photocells are in a wrong position．
Figure 3－2 Booth cleaning


Check if all users information stickers are present．
If the booth needs a different kind of maintenance，that is to say some parameters（speed of the doors， sensitivity of metal detector）have to be changed，please see paragraph 3.4 and 3．5．

Ceiling Lamp Removal，Replacement：Using a glove or paper towel grab the bulb and pull it from its socket．Using a glove or paper towel push a new bulb into the fixture socket．

Ceiling Lamp Fixture Removal，Replacement：Remove the wiring of the faulty fixture from the main board VB3406．Pull the fixture and its wiring down through the hole．Work the wiring up through the hole in the ceiling panel and push the light fixture into hole until it snaps into place．Wire the light fixture to the main board．

Traffic－lights removal，replacement：when a traffic lights has to be replaced pull the traffic－lights plate and replace it with the new one as show in the next Figure 3－3．

Figure 3－3 Traffic lights plates ${ }^{A}$ replacement


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### 3.4. Doors parameters setting

To change doors parameters follow these procedures:
From the console enter in Service Programming turning selector S1 clockwise to PROGRAM. On the display it appears:

```
COMMAND MODE
7=>AM 8=>PM 9=>NIGHT
4=>CONSOLE
5=>FUNCTIONS 6=>DATE
```

Pushing in rapid sequence the buttons F3, F4 and 1 the service menu is entered. On the display it appears:

```
    SERVICE MENU
1= READ PATH
2= MOTOR PARAMETERS
```

READ PATH: Push button 1 to access the "path" menu to change the opening/closing path points of the doors. On the display it appears:

DOOR SELECTION
1 = INTERNAL DOOR
2= EXTERNAL DOOR

Pressing buttons 1-2 it is possible to introduce new parameters in closing and in opening for the high door and the low door.

Push button 1 to introduce new parameters in closing and in opening for the high door. On the display it appears:

| READ INT PATH |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| xx |  |  |
| $3=$ Reset |  | $7=$ Save |
| $4=$ Open |  | $8=$ Close |

Follow the next steps in order to introduce the new path:

1) push button 8 until the door is completely closed
2) push button 3 to reset the old path
(on the display it appears 00 instead of the old points number)
3) push button 4 until the door is completely opened
4) push button 7 to save the new data. On the display it appears:

| SAVE DATA AND RECORD |
| :---: |
| THE PATH $?$ |
| $3=$ Cancel |
|  |

Pressing button 3 to cancel the new parameters.
Pressing button 7 to introduce the new parameters: the booth automatically makes a new door initialization to record the new path.

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Push button 2 to introduce new parameters in closing and in opening for the low door. On the display it appears:

| READ EXT PATH |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| xx |  |  |
| $3=$ Reset |  | $7=$ Save <br> $4=$ Open |
| $8=$ Close |  |  |

Follow the next steps in order to introduce the new path:

1) push button 8 until the door is completely closed
2) push button 3 to reset the old path
(on the display it appears 00 instead of the old points number)
3) push button 4 until the door is completely opened
4) push button 7 to save the new data. On the display it appears:

| SAVE DATA AND RECORD |
| :--- |
| THE PATH ? |
| $3=$ Cancel |
|  |

Pressing button 3 to cancel the new parameters.
Pressing button 7 to introduce the new parameters: the booth automatically makes a new door initialization to record the new path.

Rotate S 1 selector back to ON position to get out of this function.

MOTOR PARAMETERS: Push button 2 to access the "parameters" menu to change the doors movements setting. On the display it appears:

> DOOR SELECTION
> 1= INTERNAL DOOR
> 2= EXTERNAL DOOR

Pressing buttons 1-2 it is possible to introduce new parameters for the high door and the low door. On the display it appears:


The two doors have the same menu voices: on the display appears which door is selected at the moment.

- push button 5 to increase the current value
- push button 6 to decrease the current value
- push button 4 to access the previous menu item
- push button 8 to access the next menu item
－push button \＃to save the new data．On the display it appears：

| SAVE DATA AND RECORD |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| THE PATH ？ |  |
| $3=$ Cancel | $7=$ Save |

Pressing button 3 to cancel the new parameters．
Pressing button 7 to introduce the new parameters：the booth automatically makes a new door initialization to record the new path．

Rotate S 1 selector back to ON position to get out of this function．

A）PROTECTION THRESH．：value from 1 to 100．It represents the＂power＂that the door uses to win an obstacle during the run．A higher value makes the door＂stronger＂．

B）INITIALIZ．SPEED：value from 1 to 100．It is speed of the door during the initialization process or when the door performs a＂reverse＂during the run（example：when a safety beam is alarmed）．A higher value makes the door＂faster＂during initialization．

C）OPEN：SPEED：value from 1 to 100．It is speed of the door in opening．A higher value makes the door ＂faster＂．

D）OPEN：\％PATH ACCELL：value from 1 to 100．It is \％of the whole space in which the door accelerate up to the normal speed in opening（item C））．A higher value makes the door＂slower＂．

E）OPEN：START BRAKE：value from 1 to 100．It is \％of the whole space to be made by the door in opening before the door starts decelerating up to 0 ．

F）OPEN：TIME BRAKE：value from 1 to 1000．It is time of the short circuit applied on the motor when the door starts to brake in opening．Value expressed in milliseconds．

G）OPEN：BRAKE SPEED：value from 1 to 100．It is braking speed of the door in opening．A higher value makes the door＂faster＂．

H）CLOSE：SPEED：value from 1 to 100．It is speed of the door in closing．A higher value makes the door ＂faster＂．

I）CLOSE：\％PATH ACCELL：value from 1 to 100．It is \％of the whole space in which the door accelerate up to the normal speed in closing（item H））．A higher value makes the door＂slower＂．

L）CLOSE：START BRAKE：value from 1 to 100 ．It is $\%$ of the whole space to be made by the door in closing before the door starts decelerating up to 0 ．

M）CLOSE：TIME BRAKE：value from 1 to 1000．It is time of the short circuit applied on the motor when the door starts to brake in closing．Value expressed in milliseconds．

N）CLOSE：BRAKE SPEED：value from 1 to 100．It is braking speed of the door in closing．A higher value makes the door＂faster＂．

### 3.5. Metal Detector setting

If in the booth a metal detector is fitted follow this instructions
The metal detector board is located in the top of the booth; for the board lay out see the following figure.

Figure 3-4 Metal Detector Board


The layout of the board is shown at Figure 3-7.
This board has the option to be connected with a programming console. The console is not used during the normal operation of the metal detector, but it is needed during activation and maintenance procedure. (see Figure 3-5)
The console can be used for more than one booth with metal detector. Just one console is requested in case of multiple units with multiple metal detectors.

Figure 3-5 Metal Detector programming console


### 3.5.1. Electrical wiring connections

The next figures will show all wiring connections among metal detector board, the programming console and the two antennas.
For the connection to the main board VB 3406.

Figure 3-6 General wiring connections


Figure 3－7 Metal detector board layout


ClearLock 642－MT－EN
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Figure 3-8 metal detector board electrical wiring connection

M1


M4


M3 $\qquad$

| M10 (alarm contact | C <br> N.C. <br> N.O. |  | output 0V | red | 1 | (0) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CN2B on } \\ & \text { VB3406 } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | (1) 1 | M.D. reset (RL 8 N.O.) | brown | 2 | () |  |
|  |  | (1) 2 | M.D. reset (RL 8 C) | green | 3 | (1) |  |
|  |  | $0$ | M.D. alarm contact | black | 4 | (1) |  |
| M9 | Reset OV | (1) 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | (1) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |

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Figure 3-9 metal detector console wiring connection


Figure 3-10 metal detector board electrical wiring connection


Up to four Metal Detector can be installed one to the side of another, making the synchronization following the electrical draw (see also the other parts regarding the sync. within this manual)


DS1
on MASTER

DS1
on SLAVE 1



DS1
on MASTER


DS1
on SLAVE 1 e 2


DS1
on MASTER

4321


DS1
on MASTER

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Table 3-1 metal detector board components description

DS1
MASTER/SLAVE setting on MASTER M.D.

| DS1 |  | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | ONLY MASTER | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| 1 | MASTER + 1 SLAVE | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF |
| 2 | MASTER + 2 SLAVE | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF |
| 3 | MASTER + 3 SLAVE | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |

MASTER/SLAVE setting on SLAVE M.D.

| DS1 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -- | M.D. SLAVE | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF |

DS2
Settings.

| DS2 | ON | OFF |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 <br> Buzzer | Enable | Disable |
| $\mathbf{2}$ <br> OUT OF SERVICE | Enable | Disable |

BL
Bar with 20 led indicating sensitivity/signal level. This M.D. model is not provided with the led bar on board.
BZ1
Alarm buzzer. Switch selector 1 on DS2 to ON to activate.
M1
Power connector (24VDC - 3A max).

| M1 | Ref. | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | +VIN | +24VDC |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | GND | Ground + antennas shield |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | -VIN | OVDC |

M2
Connector for supplementary back-up battery 12V - 7Ah.

| M2 | Ref. | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{+}$ | Battery + |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | - | Battery - |

M3
ON/OFF connector. To switch ON contact must be bridged.
When the M.D. has to stay ON all the time install a fixed bridge.

| M3 | Ref. | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | ON2 | Switch connector terminal |
| 2 | ON3 | Switch connector terminal |

M6
I/O connection to external devices

| M6 | Ref. | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | CSP | Main Synchronization command |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{2}^{*}$ | Synchronism 2 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $3^{\star}$ | Synchronism 3 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{4}^{\star}$ | Synchronism 4 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | "0" |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | SIN IN | Synchronism signal |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | INIB | Inhibition signal (transmission stand by) |

M4
Channel 2 (TX 2) connector.

| M4 | Ref. | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | M4.1 | Antenna cable (red collar/black wire) |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | M4.2 | Antenna cable (red collar/brown wire) |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{M 4 . 3}$ | Antenna cable (red collar/blue wire) |

M5
Channel 1 (TX 1) connector.

| M5 | Ref. | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | M5.1 | Antenna cable (red collar/black wire) |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | M5.2 | Antenna cable (red collar/green wire) |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | M5.3 | Antenna cable (red collar/red wire) |

M7
Channel 2 (RX 2) connector.

| M7 | Ref. | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | M7.1 | Antenna cable (black collar/ black wire) |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | M7.2 | Antenna cable (black collar/ brown wire) |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | M7.3 | Antenna cable (black collar/ blue wire) |

M8
Channel 1 (RX 1) connector.

| M7 | Ref. | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | M8.1 | Antenna cable (black collar/ black wire) |
| 2 | M8.2 | Antenna cable (black collar/green wire) |
| 3 | M8.3 | Antenna cable (black collar/ red wire) |

M9
External "reset" command connector. To be used when the M.D. is set-up to "static", or other devices are connected. (e.g. inside an interlocking equipment). When M9 is bridged the alarm signal is reset.

| M9 | Ref. | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | RESET | Reset command |
| 2 | 0 | "0" reference |

## M10

External alarm signal connector. (Available either as N.O. or N.C. - max 1A 30VDC).

| M10 | Ref. | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | Common (max 1A 30VDC) |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | N.C. | Normally Closed Contact (M.D. is active) |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | N.O. | Normally Open Contact (M.D. is active) |

J2
Connection to the external led bar display with 26 wires flat cable. Available for M.D. stand alone unit only

## F1

Main fuse: 2,5A max.
LD1, LD2, LD3, LD4
Abnormal operation red signaling leds: switched off on correct working condition. Lit on in case of M.D. antennas malfunctioning. WHEN LIT CALL ON SERVICE.

LD7
Generic "failure" red led: switched off on normal use; WHEN LIT CALL ON SERVICE. If LD7 is ON together with LD3/LD4, check if the wiring on M7/M8 is correctly fixed, or if the receiver antenna has been visibly damaged. In the second case the receiver antenna has to be replaced. If LD7 is ON together with LD1/LD2, the metal detector board is out of order and has to be replaced.

LD5, LD6
Operational yellow, green leds: LD5 lit ON on normal use; LD6 is OFF on normal use; LD5 switched off in case of M.D. alarm; LD6 lit ON in case of M.D. alarm
LD8
Operational green led: switched OFF on normal use; lit ON when the M.D. "reset" command is ON. (M9).

## LD9, LD10, LD11, LD12

Operational green leds: when lit ON the relevant filter (LD9 - Filter 1; LD10 - Filter 2; ...) has been chosen at the M.D. remote console (see Function 11 page 52).

Table3-2 K6317AN1 board components description
P11
"Reset" button: for M.D. setting-up and start-up procedures.

## LD13

Operational green led: lit ON when the M.D. is "inhibit" (INIB on M6) that is to say the turnstile is stopped M.D. alarm is not displayed on booth console. When the turnstile starts rotating the led is OFF and M.D. alarm is displayed on the booth console too.

## Table3-3 K6317BN1 board components description

## SW1

Microprocessor reset button: for M.D. test procedures.
SW2
"Password reset" button: used in case of programming password lost.

## D2

Transmission led yellow: lit on when the M.D. is transmitting to the console (this happens during M.D. setting).

### 3.5.2. Programming

Programming can be selected using the dedicated console.

Metal Detector has 12 programming sections, as shown here below:
4) working frequency selection
5) sensitivity level adjustment
6) object catching sensitivity
7) automatic refresh times
8) pre-amplification setting
9) vibration noise damping channel 1 and cannel 2
10) static / dynamic modality
11) password selection
12) channel amplification selection
13) program number selection
14) filter selection
15) ON / OFF channel 1 and channel 2 during vibration noise damping programming section.

Console buttons legenda:
$\mathbf{A}^{\text {to }}$ go to the next programming section
to go back to the previous programming section
<to decrease values of each programming section
to increase values of each programming section.

With PROGR button it is possible to confirm the set value.
After having finished wiring connections as shown in the diagrams, proceed as shown here below:
Turn ON Metal Detector rotating the console key to ON position (position1).
The console display will light and on the display will appear:

```
Introduce password
    0 to 9 buttons
    Enter to confirm
```

The preset password is 58, to change the password see Function 8.

### 3.5.3. Functions

All MENU functions changes have to be recorded pushing button PROGR to automatically re-establish the normal condition of metal detector working.
Anyway, it is possible to see in real time metal detector working only about these functions:
FREQUENCY - SENSITIVITY - VIBRATION NOISE DAMPING CHANNEL 1 AND CHANNEL 2
In case the operator has to modify one of these function parameters, he/she can do that without pushing button PROGR, except at the end when he/she will find the correct value.
Otherwise the operator can turn the console key in position 2 for a second and then re-position the key in position 1 (position 0: M.D. OFF, position 1: M.D. ON) and at the same time press RESET button until the display LCD return in the normal position.
After this operation when the operator enters in MENU with the password, he/she can remain in MENU for the period he/she needs and not only for 20 second as in normal conditions.
To stop this function turn again the key in position 2 for a second and then in position 1 without pressing any other button.

## 1 Function 1 - Working frequency selection

This function is used to set an optimum working frequency according to the environment in which the metal detector has been installed, avoiding outside noises (neon signs, motors, electric devices, etc.) can affect metal detector correct working.
It is possible to see the noise on the led bar BL, central leds move with an irregular movement. To change preset parameter enter in this function and with dedicated buttons increase / decrease the value (each value increases / decreases of 0.6 Hz ) till the correct frequency has been found (the led bar BL on the top of the two metal detector antennas has the central leds stable).
The metal detector working frequency has to be in the range of $450 \mathrm{~Hz}-971.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$.

## 2 Function 2 - sensitivity level adjustment.

This function is used to set the metal detector sensitivity level, the value must be in the range of 0 (minimum sensitivity) to 255 (maximum sensitivity).
The sensitivity level can be also seen on the led bar BL made of 20 leds, located on the top of the two metal detector antennas.
In the central part C led is ON when metal detector is in stand-by (no metal objects are crossing the two antennas).
There are other two leds that are ON in asymmetrical way with reference to the central led C : ex. A6 and B6 (see Figure 3-11).

It is possible moving these leds to change the sensitivity level: increasing the sensitivity level, the field between the leds is shorter and they will be nearer A1 and B1 leds, decreasing the sensitivity level, the field between the two leds is larger, moving to A10 and B10 leds.

Figure 3-11 Led VIS bar


After having found the requested sensitivity, confirm the value with PROGR button.

## 3 Function 3 - Object catching sensitivity

This function is used to set the object catching sensitivity while the object is crossing the two antennas.
There are 4 levels in the range of $5-20: 5-10-15-20$ (low - medium-low - medium-high - high)
After having chosen the requested catching sensitivity, confirm with PROGR button.
Note: for ClearLock 642 metal detector the value suggested is 10 .
Note: this function is connected with environmental noise immunity (the less noises are, the higher objects catching sensitivity is accepted).

- minimum object catching sensitivity (5) maximum noises control
- maximum object catching sensitivity (20) minimum noises control.

The transmitting antenna (red cable) must be on the side of possible noise source (ex: X ray device).

## 4 Function 4 - Automatic refresh times

This function is used to set metal detector automatic refresh times canceling false alarms due to environmental noises that are different in each place.
There are 5 levels and the value must be in the range of 0 (no correction in case of environmental noises) and 4 (maximum correction in case of environmental noises).
After having found the best automatic refresh times, confirm the value with PROGR button.
Note: for ClearLock 642 metal detector the value suggested is 4 .

## 5 Function 5 - Pre-amplification setting

This function is used to set pre-amplification parameters in connection with metal detector antennas used and the requested program selection (range 1:1 / 1:2 / 1:4).
Note: for ClearLock 642 metal detector the value must be set up to 1:2.

## 6 Function 6 - Vibration noise damping channel 1 and channel 2

Vibration noise damping setting allows to optimize metal detector working, avoiding possible noises due to antennas movement and/or vibrations due to objects near metal detector.
The setting has to be done introducing one channel only per time (see function 12 to ON / OFF channels) and using function 6 settings, with varying values according to the chosen program: for program 0 to be set in case of ClearLock 642 metal detector values are in the range of 220-250. After having turn OFF the channel that has not to be set (function 12), move the two antennas a little bit.
If it is possible to see on the led bar BL leds oscillation (from the central to A10 and B10), change the present setting until it was found a value that reduce to the minimum leds oscillation.
Do the same thing for the other channel and press PROG to confirm the value.

## $7 \quad$ Function 7 - Static / dynamic modality

In "static" modality there is a continuous alarm in case of a metallic object between the two antennas, instead, in "dynamic" modality there is a short alarm each time a metal object cross the two antennas. The decision between the two options depends on clients needs.
Note: for ClearLock 642 metal detector the modality has to be set in "dynamic".

## 8 Function 8 - Password selection

This function is used to change the pre-set password digiting on the console a new number with maximum 12 characters and press ENTER button.
Then press PROGR button.
In case the operator forget the password, he/she can press the dedicated button on the board with the microprocessor (see Figure 3-7): in this case the set password is 123456 that allows the operator to enter in MENU and follow this procedure to introduce a new password.

## 9 Function 9 - Channels amplification selection

The value must be in the range of 1-2-3-4.
It depends on which program has been chosen and which kind of antennas has been installed.
Note: for ClearLock 642 metal detector the value must be set up to 3 .

10 Function 10 - Program selection
This function is used to change the program number.
Note: for ClearLock 642 metal detector the program must be set up to 0 .

Table 3-4 Program selection

| Program | Vibration noise <br> damping | Filter selection |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\boldsymbol{0}$ | $\approx 230$ | $\mathbf{1 = O N}$ |
| 1 | $\approx 230$ | $1=\mathrm{ON}$ |
| 2 | $\approx 180$ | $1=\mathrm{ON}$ |
| 3 | $\approx 170$ | $4=\mathrm{ON}$ |
| 4 | $\approx 230$ | $1=\mathrm{ON}$ |
| 5 | $\approx 220$ | $1=\mathrm{ON}$ |
| 6 | $\approx 230$ | $1=\mathrm{ON}$ |
| 7 | --- | --- |
| 8 | $\approx 60$ | $1=\mathrm{ON} 4=\mathrm{ON}$ |
| 9 | $\approx 220$ | $1=\mathrm{ON}$ |
| 10 | $\approx 140$ | $4=\mathrm{ON}$ |

11 Function 11 - Filter selection
It is possible to introduce 4 different kind of filters, it depends on which kind of program is used and also which kind of electromagnetic noise is present in the area where the metal detector has been installed.
Usually it is used filter 1 ON but in particular condition it can be better using another filter ON.
Note : for ClearLock 642 metal detector, filter 1 must be set up to ON; filters 2-3-4 must be set up to OFF).

## 12 Function 12 - ON / OFF channel 1 and channel 2

This function is connected with function 6, because if vibration noise damping of channel 1 has to be cancel channel 2 has to be put in OFF position vice-versa.
Before going to function 6 memorize the set channel with PROGR.
To exit from MENU remember to press any time PROGR button to confirm the chosen setting.
If not, metal detector may work with parameters different from the chosen ones. Be careful in case the console key has not been turn into position 2 (see page 39) because after 20 second without pressing any button the console exit automatically from MENU re-introducing the last saved parameters.

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DIP-SWITCH:
DS2 : 1 ON: internal buzzer ON
1 OFF: internal buzzer OFF
2 ON: alarm in case of out of order
2 OFF: no alarm in case of out of order condition

2 must be always in ON position
In case of out of order condition (for example short circuit of TX or RX winding - a real rare situation), the output relay will be always in alarm, so that the buzzer will sound.
In this case it is not possible to enter in MENU also with the password but it is necessary to turn OFF the device.

DS1: used to synchronize M.D. near to the master one, till a maximum of 3 (3 SLAVE + 1 MASTER).

Ex. 1 ON single metal detector installation [1MASTER]
2 ON Two metal detectors installation [1 MASTER + 1 SLAVE (1=ON)]
3 ON Three metal detectors installation [1 MASTER + 2 SLAVE ( $1=\mathrm{ON}$ )]
4 ON Four metal detectors installation [1 MASTER + 3 SLAVE (1=ON)]
Notes: the working frequency on the slave M.D. console is $1 / 2$ of master M.D. in case there is 1 master and 1 slave M.D.; it is $1 / 3$ in case there are 1 master and 2 slaves M.D.; it is $1 / 4$ in case there are 1 master and 3 slaves M.D.
During parameters setting the operator may, if necessary, re-position leds to the central led with the manual reset (see Figure 3-7), or pushing button RESET on the console after having digit the password to enter in the MENU.
In case of lack of power there is a back up battery that supports metal detector for 2 hours

## 4. Troubleshooting Guide

* If something on request has not been fitted, the relevant problem cannot exist

| One or both doors do not operate correctly |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Possible Cause | Check Point | Action |
| 1) in the slide - way of the door <br> there is an object that avoid the <br> correct movement | Check that no object is inside the <br> slide-way | Remove the object and clean the <br> slide-way with a vacuum cleaner |
| 2) one of door parameters is not <br> appropriate for that place | Please see Door Parameters <br> Setting at page 36 of this manual <br> and follow the instructions | Adjust accordingly |
| 3) one or more safety beams |  |  |
| photocells are dirty | Check if there is some dust on one <br> or more safety beams photocells | Clean with a soft towel. Don't use <br> solvents |
| 4) one or more safety beams |  |  |
| photocells have been broken |  |  |
| or they are misaligned |  |  |$\quad$| Check if one or more safety beams |
| :--- |
| photocells are correctly fixed to the |
| frame and aligned |$\quad$| Replace the safety beams |
| :--- |
| photocells paying attention to |
| connect the new one in the same |
| way if it's broken, and aligned |
| them carefully |

The console is OFF

| Possible Cause | Check Point | Action |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1) S1 selector at the console is in <br> OFF position | Check that S1 selector is in ON <br> position | If it is in OFF position turn <br> clockwise the key of $90^{\circ}$ |
| 2) Connectors between the <br> console and the booth are not <br> properly connected | Check that the console connection <br> is properly wired with the console <br> cable and that the wiring of <br> connection cable at the main <br> board is ok (see page 16 of this <br> manual) | Act accordingly |
| 3) One or two fuses are burnt | Check that fuses F1 and F2 on <br> VB3406 are not burnt | Replace the burnt fuses with new <br> ones with same characteristic (see <br> page 30 of this manual) |

## The consoles signals the lack of power

| Possible Cause | Chen |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1) Booth power switch of the main |  | power board of the building is in OFF position.

2) The power supply plug is not correctly connected or there is a fault in the plug
3) There is a lack of the main power

## Check Point

Check if the booth power switch of the main power board of the building is in ON position.

Check that the plug is not damaged and it is correctly connected

Check main power presence at the power supply with proper test instrument

## Action

If not turn ON the main power

In case the plug is damaged replace it

Call the Energy supplier
*Metal Detector is continuously alarmed or is not alarmed by metals

| Possible Cause | Check Point | Action |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1) Parameters set are not correct | Metal Detector does not work <br> properly | Follow instruction according to <br> Metal Detector Setting at page 39 <br> of this manual |
| 2) Metal detector is OFF | Metal detector is not alarmed by <br> any metal | Check on the console if MD has <br> been excluded (see Operating <br> Guide) |
| 3) Metal detector is broken | Check if the two antennas have <br> been damaged | Change the damage metal <br> detector antenna/s. |


| *2 people are allowed to enter even if the single presence sensor system is ON (on the console) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Possible Cause | Check Point | Action |
| 1) VB1290 has to be adjusted | people do not alarm VB1290 | See Figure 2-19 and follow the <br> instructions |
| 2) Problem with the connection <br> between VB1290 and VB3406 | there is an alarm on VB1290 but 2 <br> people can enter the same | Check the connection between <br> VB1290 and VB3406 (CN11 see <br> page 20 of this manual) |
| 3) VB1290 not working | 2 people do not alarm VB1290 | After having checked that it isn't <br> point 1, VB1290 has to be <br> replaced |

Spot lights are OFF during booth working

| Possible Cause | Check Point | Action |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1) spot lights are broken | spot lights is OFF | Replace the relevant spot light |
| 2) wrong connection on VB3406 | spot lights is OFF | Check the connection on VB3406 <br> (see page 21 of this manual) |

## One or both traffic lights don't work

| Possible Cause | Check Point | Action |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1) one or two leds are broken | Only the red or the green light <br> doesn't work | Replace the traffic lights as shown <br> at Figure 3-3 |
| 2) wrong connection on VB3406 | Both lights are OFF | Check the connection on VB3406 <br> (CN3-CN4 see page 17 of this <br> manual) |


| *The loudspeaker doesn't work | Check Point | Action |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Possible Cause |  | Check the connection on VB3406 <br> (see pages 20 of this manual) |
| 1) wrong connection on VB3406 |  | Replace the broken loudspeaker <br> (see of pages 13-20 this manual) |


| *The intercom doesn't work | Check Point | Action |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Possible Cause | No intercom is visibly damaged | Adjust the connection on VB3406 <br> and on the handset (see pages 28 <br> of this manual) |
| 1) wrong connection on VB3406 | One intercom is visibly damaged | Replace the broken intercom |
| 2) one intercom is broken |  |  |


| During initialization one or both doors do not close as first action |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Possible Cause | Check Point | Action |
| 1) The connection to motors is <br> inverted | One or both doors start opening <br> and not closing | Invert the wiring on the motor/s |

## During initialization one or both doors do not move

| Possible Cause | Check Point | Action |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1) one or both motors are not <br> correctly connected | Check the wiring to the motor/s | Adjust the wiring (see page 19 of <br> this manual) |
| 2) on VB3406 there isn't the <br> correct voltage | Check the voltage of 24V on <br> VB3406 at point (connector M2 <br> page 15 of this manual) | See the next point |

## During initialization one or both doors do not move correctly

| Possible Cause | Check Point | Action |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1) the encoder/s are not correctly <br> connected or are broken | Check the wiring on the encoders <br> or if they are damaged | Adjust the wiring (see page 19 of <br> this manual) or replace encoder/s <br> if they are broken |
| 2) the doors moving is limited by <br> an obstacle or the mechanical <br> lock has not been opened <br> correctly | Check if there is an object in the <br> slide - ways and if the mechanical <br> lock is correctly open | Remove the object / open the lock |

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## 5. Appendix A - AD003 Drawing

Table B - Layout (AD003 drawing)


## 6. Appendix D - Manual release of the low side door

In case low side door is managed as Fail lock (door is blocked during power cut) and for emergency needs (tipically) it is necessary release the low side door, a manual release may be provided (a releasing lever must be placed outside the unit, acting on the lock door piston as shown in Figure 6-1)

Figure 6-1 manual release of the low side door (for emergency purpose)


## 7. Appendix B - (active) emergency push button wiring (if fitted)




[^0]:    ${ }^{\text {A }}$ Figure represent a kind of plate with traffic lights，intercom system and electronic key
    ClearLock 642－MT－EN

